

BlackLine Announces Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2016 Financial Results

Strong Fourth Quarter Drives Record Full Year GAAP Revenue of \$123 Million, an Increase of 47% Initiates First Quarter and Full Year 2017 Financial Outlook

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 23, 2017 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) - BlackLine. Inc. (Nasdaq-BL), a leading cloud-based provider of financial controls and automation solutions that enable <u>Continuous Accounting</u>, today announced financial results for the fourth quarter and full year ended December 31, 2016.

Therese Tucker, Founder and CEO, stated, "We are proud to report a strong finish to another record year for BlackLine. In 2016, we grew our revenue by 47%, expanded our customer base to over 1,700 customers globally and extended our reach with new products, partnerships and a strategic

"BlackLine is transforming the way accounting and finance works," added Tucker. "Our reputation as a market leader and trusted advisor is driving increased adoption of our solutions around the globe. As we continue to innovate, focus on our customer relationships and deliver value to finance a accounting professionals across enterprise and mid-market organizations, we believe we're well positioned to deliver strong growth in 2017 and beyond."

Fourth Quarter 2016 Financial Highlights

- Total GAAP revenues of \$35.3 million for the fourth quarter of 2016, an increase of 44% compared to the fourth quarter of 2015.
 Total non-GAAP revenues of \$35.9 million for the fourth quarter of 2016, an increase of 47% compared to the fourth quarter of 2015.
- · GAAP net loss of \$15.7 million, or \$0.33 per share, on 47.7 million weighted average shares outstanding. • Non-GAAP net loss of \$3.9 million, or \$0.08 per share, on 47.7 million weighted average shares outstanding

Full Year 2016 Financial Highlights

- Total GAAP revenues of \$123.1 million for full year 2016, an increase of 47% compared to full year 2015.
- Total non-GAAP revenues of \$12.3.8 million for full year 2016, an increase of 48% compared to full year 2015.
 GAAP net loss of \$39.2 million, or \$0.92 per share, on 42.5 million weighted average shares outstanding.
 Non-GAAP net loss of \$16.5 million, or \$0.39 per share, on 42.5 million weighted average shares outstanding.
- Operating cash flow of (\$4.8) million for full year 2016 compared to \$1.0 million for full year 2015. Operating cash flow in 2016 includes \$6.4 million for accrued PIK interest related to the prepayment of debt
- Free cash flow of (\$9.8) million for full year 2016 compared to (\$11.4) million for full year 2015. Free cash flow in 2016 includes an operating cash outlay of \$6.4 million for accrued PIK interest related to the prepayment of debt.

Key Metrics and Recent Business Highlights

- Added 133 net new customers in the fourth quarter and 420 net new customers during the full year for a total of 1,758 customers at December 31, 2016. New customers embracing modern finance and continuous accounting with BlackLine in Q4 include Rand McNally & Co., Sargento Foods and TheRealReal.
- Expanded the Company's user base by more than 10,000 in the fourth quarter and more than 38,000 during the full year for a total of 166,903 BlackLine users at December 31, 2016.
 Achieved a dollar-based net revenue relention rate of 116% for the fourth quarter and full year 2016.
- Named to Deloitte's Fast 500 list of the fastest-growing tech companies in North America for the seventh consecutive year
- Recognized in Software Magazine's Software 500 ranking for the sixth consecutive year as one of the largest and best-performing software and service providers worldwide.
 Earned the No. 15 spot on the 'Best Workplaces in Technology' list of small and medium-sized companies, an annual ranking by consulting firm Great Place to Work and Fortune Magazine

Mark Partin, Chief Financial Officer, stated, "I am pleased with our financial performance for the fourth quarter and full year, which demonstrates the value of BlackLine's solutions to our customers. In fiscal 2016, we delivered record revenue, solid gross margins and improved free cash flow after adjusting for PIK interest. The financial guidance we're providing for 2017 reflects strong demand we see in the marketplace, the scale we are beginning to see in our financial model and our continued confidence in our long-term path."

Financial Outlook

First Quarter 2017

- - Total GAAP revenue is expected to be in the range of \$36.8 million to \$37.8 million.
 - Non-GAAP net loss is expected to be in the range of \$5.0 million to \$4.0 million, or \$0.10 to \$0.08 per share, on 51.3 million weighted average shares outstanding.

Full Year 2017

- Total GAAP revenue is expected to be in the range of \$166.5 million to \$169.5 million.
- Non-GAAP net loss is expected to be in the range of \$18.3 million to \$16.3 million, or \$0.35 to \$0.31 per share, on 52.9 million weighted average shares outstanding.

Guidance for non-GAAP net loss and net loss per share does not include the impact of the benefit from income taxes that we were able to recognize as a result of the deferred tax liabilities associated with the intangible assets established upon the acquisition in the third quarter of 2016 of Runbook B.V. (the "Runbook Acquisition"), amortization of acquired intangible assets resulting from the acquisition of the Company by its principal stockholders in 2013 (the "2013 Acquisition") and the Runbook Acquisition, stock-based compensation, the change in fair value of the common stock warrant liability. Reconciliations of non-GAAP net loss and net loss per share guidance to the most directly comparable LUS. GAAP measures, or ret loss and net loss per share, are not available on a loward-base in the uncessonable efforts due to the unpredictability and complexity of the charges excluded from non-GAAP net loss and net loss per share. The Company expects the variability of the above changes could have a significant, and potentially unpredictable, impact on its future GAAP net loss and net loss per share.

Quarterly Conference Call

BlackLine, Inc. will hold a conference call to discuss its fourth quarter and full year results at 2:00 p.m. Pacific time on Thursday, February 23, 2017. A live audio webcast will be accessible on BlackLine's investor relations website at http://investors.blackline.com. The call can also be accessed domestically at (844) 229-7365 and internationally at (314) 888-4260, passcode 58654241. A telephonic replay will be available through Thursday, March 2, 2017 at (855) 895-2066 or (404) 537-3406, passcode 58654241. A relay of the webcast will be available at http://investors.blackline.com. The call can also be accessed domestically at (844) 229-7365 and internationally at (314) 888-4260, passcode 58654241. A relay of the webcast will be available at http://investors.blackline.com. The call can also be accessed domestically at (844) 229-7365 and internationally at (314) 888-4260, passcode 58654241. A relay of the webcast will be available at http://investors.blackline.com. The call can also be accessed domestically at (844) 229-7365 and internationally at (314) 888-4260, passcode 58654241. A relay of the webcast will be available at http://investors.blackline.com. The call can also be accessed domestically at (844) 229-7365 and internationally at (314) 888-4260, passcode 58654241. A relay of the webcast will be available at http://investors.blackline.com. The call can also be accessed domestically at the object structure of the set of the object structure of the object

BlackLine, Inc, is a provider of cloud-based solutions for Finance & Accounting (F&A) that automate, centralize and streamline financial close operations and other key F&A processes for large and midsize organizations. BlackLine's platform is used by over 1,700 customers worldwide, spanning approximately 167,000 users across 130+ countries. For more information about BlackLine, Inc., visit http://www.blackLine.com/.

Forward-looking Statements

This release and the conference call reference above contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," 'should," "could," anticipate," believe, "testimate, "predict," intend," 'yotertial," would, "continue, "ongoing" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements in this release and quarterly conference call include, but are not limited to, statements regarding grantable terminology. Forward-looking statements in this release and quarterly conference call include, but are not limited to, statements regarding grantable terminology. Forward-looking statements in this release and quarterly conference call include, but are not limited to, statements regarding grantable terminology are not all include, but are not limited to, statements regarding grantable terminology are not all include, but are not limited to, statements in the state of an unable to accurate and the unable to accurate and the terminology are not all include, but are not limited to, statements in the state of an unable to accurate and unable to accurate and unable to accurate and the terminology are not all include. But are not limited to, statements in the state of an unable to accurate and the terminology are not and the terminology are accurated and the terminology are not and the terminology in the company's function that it will have positive cash flows in a specified time period, the impact of seasonality on the Company's function are not and by the terminology are all flows are accurated and the terminology are not all include are accurated and the terminology are accurated are accurated are accurated are accurated and the terminology are accurated are accurated are accurated ld," "expect," "plan," arding BlackLine's future of distribution channels and product innovation, expectations regarding deal size, expectations for hiring new talent and the integration of Runbook, including its contributions to the Company's financial performance.

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Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement its consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, BlackLine has provided in this release and the quarterly conference call held on February 23, 2017 certain financial measures that have not been prepared in accordance with GAAP defined as "non-GAAP financial measures," which include (i) non-GAAP revenues, (ii) non-GAAP gross profit and non-GAAP gross margin, (iii) non-GAAP operating expenses, (iv) non-GAAP loss from operations, (v) non-GAAP net loss and non-GAAP net loss per share, and (v) free cash tow.

BlackLine's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures internally in analyzing its financial results and believes they are useful to investors, as a supplement to the corresponding GAAP measures, in evaluating BlackLine's ongoing operational performance and trends and in comparing its financial measures with other companies in the same industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to help investors understand the operational performance of their businesses. However, it is important to note that the particular items BlackLine excludes from, or includes in, the same industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to help investors understand the operational performance of their businesses. However, it is important to note that the particular items BlackLine excludes from, or includes in, the same industry many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to help investors understand the operational performance of their businesses. non-GAAP financial measures may differ from the items excluded from, or included in, similar non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies in the same industry. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial measures used by other companies in the same industry. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial measures used by other companies in the same industry. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial measures used by other companies in the same industry. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial measures to substitute for financial measures to substitute for fi press release

Non-GAAP Revenues. Non-GAAP revenues are defined as GAAP revenues adjusted for the impact of purchase accounting resulting from the Runbook Acquisition. The Company believes that presenting non-GAAP revenues is useful to investors as it eliminates the impact of the purchase accounting adjustment to Runbook revenues to allow for a direct comparison of revenues between current and future periods.

Non-GAAP Gross Profit and Non-GAAP Gross Margin. Non-GAAP gross profit is defined as non-GAAP revenues less GAAP cost of revenue adjusted for the impact of purchase accounting resulting from the Runbook Acquisition, the amortization of acquired developed technology resulting from the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, and stock-based compensation. Non-GAAP gross margin is defined as non-GAAP gross profit divided by non-GAAP revenues. BlackLine believes that presenting non-GAAP gross margin is useful to investors as it eliminates the impact of certain non-expenses and allows a direct comparison of gross margin is useful to investors as it eliminates the impact of certain non-expenses and allows a direct comparison of gross margin is defined as iterations.

Non-GAAP Operating Expenses. Non-GAAP operating expenses include (a) non-GAAP sales and marketing expense, (b) non-GAAP research and development expense and (c) non-GAAP gales and marketing expenses is defined as GAAP sales and marketing expenses adjusted for the amoritization of acquired intrangibles resulting from the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition and stock-based compensation. Non-GAAP research and development expense is defined as GAAP research and development expenses adjusted for stock-based compensation. Non-GAAP research and development expenses is defined as GAAP research and development intravibles resulting for the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition as acquired intravible or scoutingent consideration and acquisition costs related to the Runbook Acquisition. BlackLine believes that presenting expenses between periods.

Non-GAAP Loss from Operations. Non-GAAP loss from operations is defined as GAAP loss from operations adjusted for the impact of purchase accounting to revenues resulting from the Runbook Acquisition, the amortization of acquired intangible assets resulting from the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, stock-based compensation, change in fair value of contingent consideration and acquisition costs related to the Runbook Acquisition. The Company believes that presenting non-GAAP loss from operations is useful to investors as it eliminates the impact of items that have been impacted by the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, purchase accounting and other related costs in order to allow a direct comparison of loss from operations between all periods presented.

Non-GAAP Net Loss. Non-GAAP net loss is defined as GAAP net loss adjusted for the impact of the benefit from income taxes that we were able to recognize as a result of the deferred tax liabilities associated with the intangible assets established upon the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, the impact of purchase accounting to revenues resulting from the Runbook Acquisition, anortization of acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, store intared liabilities associated with the intangible assets established upon the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, store intared in the 2013 Acquisition and the Runbook Acquisition, store intared to the mitting to the action of marking to the activate intervalue of the common stock warrait liability and costs related to the Runbook Acquisition, store intared liability and the Runbook Acquisition and the Ru

Free Cash Flow. Free cash flow is defined as cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities tess cash flow is useful to investing activities related to purchase of property and equipment and capitalized software development. BlackLine believes that presenting free cash flow is useful to investors as it provides a measure of the Company's liquidity used by management to evaluate the amount of cash generated by the Company's business including the impact of purchases of property and equipment and cost of capitalized software development.

Use of Operating Metrics

BlackLine has provided in this release and the quarterly conference call held on February 23, 2017 centain operating metrics, including (i) number of customers, (ii) number of users and (iii) dollar-based net revenue retention rate, which BlackLine uses to evaluate its business, measure its perforn identify trends affecting its business, formulate financial projections and make strategic decisions. These operating metrics exclude the impact of Runbook licensed customers and users as these customers did not have an active subscription agreement with BlackLine as of December 31, 2016.

Dollar-based Net Revenue Retention Rate. Dollar-based net revenue retention rate is calculated as the implied monthly subscription and support revenue at the end of a period for the base set of customers from which the Company generated subscription revenue in the year prior to the calculation, divided by the implied monthly subscription and support revenue one year prior to the date of calculation for that same customer base. This calculation does not reflect implied monthly subscription and support revenue one year prior to the date of calculation for that same customers who are filed timplied monthly subscription and support revenue on year prior to the date of calculation for that same customers who are filed timplied monthly subscription and support revenue on revenue for the venue is defined as the total amount of minimum subscription and support revenue contractuating committed during during agreements over the entire term of the agreement. BlackLine believes that dollar-based net revenue retention rate is an important metric to measure the long-term value of customer agreements and the Company's ability to retain and grow its relationships with existing customers over time.

Number of Customers. A customer is defined as an entity with an active subscription agreement as of the measurement date. In situations where an organization has multiple subsidiaries or divisions, each entity that is invoiced as a separate entity is treated as a separate customer. Howe existing customer requests is invoice be divided for the sole purpose of restructuring its internal billing arrangement without any incremental increase in revenue, such customer continues to be treated as a single customer. BlackLine believes that its ability to expand its customer base is in the Company's market penetration and the growth of its business.

Number of Users. Since BlackLine's customers generally pay fees based on the number of users of its platform within their organization, the Company believes the total number of users is an indicator of the growth of its business.

BlackLine, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (in thousands) (unaudited)

	ember 31, 2016	Dec	ember 31, 2015
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,118	\$	15,205
Marketable securities	83,130		-
Accounts receivable, net	42,294		24,235
Deferred sales commissions	9,667		6,246
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	 6,614		2,801
Total current assets	163,823		48,487
Capitalized software development costs, net	4,591		2,967
Property and equipment, net	11,318		12,419
Intangible assets, net	54,118		56,828
Goodwill	185,138		163,154
Other assets	1,449		2,895
Total assets	\$ 420,437	\$	286,750
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 7,165	\$	4,648
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	18,931		15,012
Deferred revenue	80,360		52,750
Short-term portion of contingent consideration	2,008		2,008
Total current liabilities	108,464		74,418
Term loan, net	_		28,267
Common stock warrant liability	11,380		5,500
Contingent consideration	3,230		2,859
Deferred tax liabilities	1,262		5,907
Deferred revenue, non-current	2,373		-
Other long-term liabilities	2,318		3,631
Total liabilities	 129,027		120,582
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock	513		407
Treasury stock	-		(254)
Additional paid-in capital	378,272		214,171
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(41)		-
Accumulated deficit	 (87,334)		(48,156)
Total stockholders' equity	 291,410		166,168
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 420,437	\$	286,750

BlackLine, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (in thousands, except share and per share data)

. (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,					Ended Iber 31,								
	2016 2		2016		2016		2016 2		2015		_	2016		2015
Revenues														
Subscription and support	\$ 33	3,694	\$	23,414	\$	117,524	\$	80,080						
Professional services		1,646		1,060		5,599		3,527						
Total revenues	3	5,340		24,474	_	123,123	_	83,607						
Cost of revenues														
Subscription and support	1	7,385		5,553		25,900		19,773						
Professional services		1,282		794		4,311		2,956						
Total cost of revenues	8	3,667		6,347		30,211		22,729						
Gross profit	26	6,673		18,127		92,912		60,878						
Operating expenses					-									
Sales and marketing	2	1,531		16,852		77,810		56,546						
Research and development		5,573		5,278		21,125		18,216						
General and administrative	ł	3,278		5,960		27,911		20,928						
Total operating expenses	35	5,382		28,090		126,846		95,690						
Loss from operations	(8	3,709)		(9,963)		(33,934)		(34,812						
Other expense														
Interest expense, net	(2	2,798)		(749)		(5,932)		(3,215)						
Change in fair value of the common stock warrant liability	(6	6,180)		(250)		(5,880)		(420						
Other expense, net	(8	3,978)		(999)		(11,812)	_	(3,635						
Loss before income taxes	(1)	7,687)		(10,962)		(45,746)	_	(38,447						
Benefit from income taxes	(2	2,023)		(3,755)		(6,587)		(13,713)						
Net loss	\$ (15	5,664)	\$	(7,207)	\$	(39,159)	\$	(24,734						
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.33)	\$	(0.18)	\$	(0.92)	\$	(0.61						
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	47,716	6,366	40,	663,080	42	2,497,450	4	0,579,057						

BlackLine, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Mont Decemb		Year E Decemb		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$ (15,664)	\$ (7,207)	\$ (39,159)	\$(24,734)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization	4,734	4,109	17,424	14,739	
Accretion and write-off of debt discount and paid in kind interest	2,474	586	4,557	2,594	
Payment of paid in kind interest	(6,418)	_	(6,418)	_	
Change in fair value of common stock warrant liability	6,180	250	5,880	420	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	93	2	371	41	
Stock-based compensation	1,992	1,627	6,526	5,497	
Deferred income taxes	(2,612)	(3,923)	(7,432)	(13,941)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of the acquisition:					
Accounts receivable	(5,608)	744	(15,541)	(6,195	

Deferred sales commissions	(2,438)	(1,783)	(3,421)	(4,343)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,159)	(617)	(3,095)	(507)
Other assets	(51)	(351)	(201)	(571)
Accounts payable	294	(147)	3,544	1,073
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	1,978	2,195	3,864	6,753
Deferred revenue	11,947	5,709	29,482	18,176
Other long-term liabilities	(599)	(38)	(1,189)	2,004
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(5,857)	1,156	(4,808)	1,006
Cash flow used in investing activities				
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	_	(31,488)	_
Investments in marketable securities	(83,192)	_	(83,192)	_
Capitalized software development costs	(944)	(767)	(3,270)	(2,273)
Purchase of property and equipment	(416)	(2,748)	(1,724)	(10,094)
Net cash used in investing activities	(84,552)	(3,515)	(119,674)	(12,367)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from term loan, net of issuance costs	(169)	_	34,300	_
Principal payments on term loan and prepayment penalties	(60,706)	_	(60,706)	_
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	_	(532)	(124)	(532)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	_	_	3,075	_
Payments of initial public offering costs	(3,210)	_	(4,372)	_
Proceeds from initial public offering, net of underwriting discounts and commissions	156,362	_	156,362	-
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	-	(29)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	664	81	2,860	1,420
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	92,941	(451)	131,395	859
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,532	(2,810)	6,913	(10,502)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	19,586	18,015	15,205	25,707
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 22,118	\$ 15,205	\$ 22,118	\$ 15,205

BlackLine, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,					Year Endeo December 3		
	2016			2015	2016		2	015
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information								
Cash paid for interest	\$	7,722	\$	230	\$8	3,646	\$	634
Cash paid (reimbursed) for income taxes	\$	_	\$	(7)	\$	176	\$	6
Non-cash financing and investing activities								
Capitalized software development costs included in accounts								
payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	153	\$	_	\$	153	\$	_
Purchases of property and equipment included in accounts					_			
payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	63	\$	172	\$	63	\$	172
Stock-based compensation capitalized for software development	\$	32	\$	21	\$	102	\$	67
Property and equipment acquired under capital leases	\$		\$	1,648	\$	_	\$	1,648
Deferred initial public offering costs in accounts payable and								
accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	110	\$	1,647	\$	110	\$	1,647

BlackLine, Inc. Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (in thousands, except percentages and share and per share data) (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended, December 31,				Year Ended December 31,					
	_	2016	2015			2016		2015			
Non-GAAP Revenues:	_				_						
Revenues	\$	35,340	\$	24,474	\$	123,123	\$	83,607			
Purchase accounting adjustment to revenues		537		_		716		_			
Total Non-GAAP Revenues	\$	35,877	\$	24,474	\$	123,839	\$	83,607			
Non-GAAP Gross Profit:											
Gross Profit	\$	26,673	\$	18,127	\$	92,912	\$	60,878			
Purchase accounting adjustment to revenues		537		_		716		_			
Amortization of developed technology		1,704		1,535		6,368		6,139			
Stock-based compensation expense		290		115		715		466			
Total Non-GAAP Gross Profit	\$	29,204	\$	19,777	\$	100,711	\$	67,483			
Gross Margin		75.5%	-	74.1%		75.5%	_	72.8%			
Non-GAAP Gross Margin		81.4%		80.8 %		81.3%		80.7%			
Non-GAAP Loss from Operations:											
Loss from operations	\$	(8,709)	\$	(9,963)	\$	(33,934)	\$	(34,812)			
Purchase accounting adjustment to revenues		537		_		716		_			
Amortization of intangibles		3,321		3,023		12,505		12,092			
Stock-based compensation		1,992		1,627		6,526		5,497			
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		93		2		371		41			
Acquisition related costs		210		_		1,582		_			
Total Non-GAAP Loss from Operations	\$	(2,556)	\$	(5,311)	\$	(12,234)	\$	(17,182)			
Non-GAAP Net Loss:											
Net Loss	\$	(15,664)	\$	(7,207)	\$	(39,159)	\$	(24,734)			
Benefit from income taxes		(2,135)		(3,959)		(6,956)		(13,934)			
Purchase accounting adjustment to revenues		537		_		716		-			
Amortization of intangibles		3,321		3,023		12,505		12,092			
Stock-based compensation		1,992		1,627		6,526		5,497			
Accretion and write-off of debt discount		1,061		57		1,303		228			
Accretion and write-off of warrant discount		547		69		754		276			
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		93		2		371		41			
Change in fair value of common stock warrant liability		6,180		250		5,880		420			
Acquisition related costs		210		_		1,582		_			
Total Non-GAAP Net Loss	\$	(3,858)	\$	(6,138)	\$	(16,478)	\$	(20,114)			
Non-GAAP Net Loss per Share	\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.39)	\$	(0.50)			
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding, Basic and Diluted	4	7,716,366	40	0,663,080	4	2,497,450	4	0,579,057			

BlackLine, Inc. Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended, December 31,					Year E Decem			
		2016		2015	015			2015	
Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing Expense:									
Sales and marketing expense	\$	21,531	\$	16,852	\$	77,810	\$	56,546	
Amortization of intangibles		965		871		3,605		3,487	
Stock-based compensation expense	_	656	_	671	_	2,490	_	2,418	
Total Non-GAAP Sales and Marketing Expense	\$	19,910	\$	15,310	\$	71,715	\$	50,641	
Non-GAAP Research and Development Expense:									
Research and development expense	\$	5,573	\$	5,278	\$	21,125	\$	18,216	
Stock-based compensation expense	_	277	_	168	_	809	_	588	
Total Non-GAAP Research and Development Expense	\$	5,296	\$	5,110	\$	20,316	\$	17,628	
Non-GAAP General and Administrative Expense:									
General and administrative expense	\$	8,278	\$	5,960	\$	27,911	\$	20,928	
Amortization of intangibles		652		617		2,532		2,466	
Stock-based compensation		769		673		2,512		2,025	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		93		2		371		41	
Acquisition related costs	_	210	_	_	_	1,582	_	_	
Total Non-GAAP General and Administrative Expense	\$	6,554	\$	4,668	\$	20,914	\$	16,396	
Total Non-GAAP Operating Expense	\$	31,760	\$	25,088	\$	112,945	\$	84,665	
Free Cash Flow:									
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(5,857)	\$	1,156	\$	(4,808)	\$	1,006	
Capitalized software development costs		(944)		(767)		(3,270)		(2,273)	
Purchase of property and equipment	_	(416)	_	(2,748)	_	(1,724)		(10,094)	
Free Cash Flow	\$	(7,217)	\$	(2,359)	\$	(9,802)	\$	(11,361)	

Investor Relations Contact: The Blueshirt Group Christine Greany 858.523.1732 christine@blueshirtgroup.com Media Relations Contact: The Blueshirt Group Jeff Fox 415.828.8298 jeff@blueshirtgroup.com



BlackLine, Inc.